TO: The Secretary of State  
The Secretary of Defense  
The Director of Central Intelligence  
The Chairman, Joint Chiefs of Staff

SUBJECT: United States Goals in Relation to Ethiopia

In the light of the dramatic changes which have occurred in Ethiopia since Emperor Haile Selassie was deposed in September 1974, the President has directed a brief study of United States policy options, and the underlying assumptions, regarding the state of our future relations with Ethiopia.

The study should draw as appropriate on the studies under NSSMs 239 and 184, and take account of more recent assessments of the situation. The study should:

-- Review current and possible future United States interests, objectives and policy in the Horn of Africa and the Red Sea area, including military and economic assistance programs.

-- Assess the internal security and stability of Ethiopia and its present government.

-- Assess current Ethiopian policy toward the United States, the Soviet Union, the People's Republic of China and Ethiopia's African and Arab neighbors.

-- Assess the internal problems Ethiopia faces and the role Ethiopia might play in the Horn of Africa, and the larger African scene, over the next year.
- Assess Soviet policy toward Ethiopia, Somalia and the FTAI.

- Assess the significance of Ethiopia to United States political, economic and military policy in the Horn of Africa and the Red Sea area.

The study should determine United States goals with regard to Ethiopia and policy options for achieving these goals. The study should be prepared by the NSC Interdepartmental Group for Africa and should be completed by December 10.

Brent Scowcroft